






PLATANUS WRIGHTII

Arizona Sycamore

 Moderate to low water

 Full sun to part shade

 Native to AZ, NM, Northern Mexico

Why we love it...

The large, velvety, star-shaped leaves of Arizona Sycamore turn golden-brown in fall, and are a truly unique sight in the arid southwest. This deciduous tree's mottled white bark is equally distinctive, resembling camouflage as it peels in large patches; lending an uncommon brightness to desert winter landscapes that tend to be primarily brown and grey.

Arizona Sycamore's springtime flowers are inconspicuous, but in fall its branches bear clusters of seed pods that decorate the tree into winter. This Arizona native is one of the largest deciduous trees for our climate, and when compared to the very similar London Planetree, older Arizona Sycamore specimens have a more picturesque, irregular canopy.



Lydia says: Alkaline soils, such as those found in Arizona, can cause the leaves of Arizona Sycamore to become yellow, or chlorotic. Seasonal applications of an iron supplement will help alleviate this problem.

Deciduous Tree: *Platanus wrightii*

Size (H x W): 50 feet x 50 feet

Blooms: Inconspicuous flowers in spring

Exposure: Full sun to part shade

Hardiness Zone: -10° F, USDA Zone 6

Water: Moderate to low

Pruning: February

Growth Rate: Moderate to fast



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